

Science Requirements for GBX Investigation
SHERE
SHear Extensional Rheology Experiment

Objective

- To study the effect of pre-shear on the transient evolution of the microstructure and viscoelastic tensile stresses for monodisperse dilute polymer solutions.

Hardware Requirements

- Generate a smooth, bubble-free, cylindrical liquid bridge ($5 \times 10 \text{ } \varnothing \text{ mm } \pm 5\%$) between 2 flat endplates.
- Impose homogeneous shear rate in fluid by rotating one of the endplates in the range $0 \leq \Omega \leq 500 \text{ rpm } \pm 1\%$ and holding other plate stationary. Achieve target angular velocity within 100ms; stop rotation within 10ms of starting elongational deformation.
- Impose an approximately homogeneous elongational deformation in the fluid by axially translating one endplate in an exponential manner to generate strain rates (ϵ') in the range $0.1 \leq \epsilon' \leq 5.0 \text{ s}^{-1}$ obtaining maximum Hencky strains in the range $3.5 \leq \epsilon \leq 4.5$.
- Conduct tests within the temperature range $20 \leq T \leq 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ ($68 \leq T \leq 77 \text{ } ^\circ\text{F}$). Control/minimize temperature fluctuations during each series of tests on the same fluid sample to within $\pm 1.0 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$. *Desired* to control the environment temperature such that all tests begin at the same temperature $\pm 0.5 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

Measurement Requirements

- Axial force ('thrust') induced due to shearing and stretching the elastic fluid within range $|F| \leq 10^4 \text{ dyne } \pm 50 \text{ dyne}$. ($= 10 \pm .05 \text{ grams-force}$).
- Actual axial displacement of the translation stage (0–20 cm range)
- Axial midplane diameter of fluid filament ($0.1 \leq D \leq 10 \text{ mm}$, $\pm 0.005 \text{ mm}$)
- Temperature T of the fluid
- Video of fluid filament profile evolution (resolution TBD; adequate to accurately detect edges and measure axial profile $D(z)$ of the fluid column)

Test Matrix

- 5 test series spanning strain rates $0.1 \leq \epsilon' \leq 5.0 \text{ s}^{-1}$, each series conducted with 5 pre-shear rates in the range $0 \leq \Omega \leq 500 \text{ rpm}$.
- Minimum of 9 tests required for minimum science return; 25 tests for complete success

The SHERE Glovebox Investigation has 25 test points. The 25 test points consist of 5 series of tests (I – V) each with a different stretch rate. Within each series, there are 5 different pre-shear rates. A minimum of 9 complete test points is required for minimum scientific success, as depicted in the shaded areas of Table 1.

Table 1

SHERE Glovebox Investigation Test Matrix					
	<i>Stretch Rate</i>				
	I (0.1 s⁻¹)	II (0.3 s⁻¹)	III (1.0 s⁻¹)	IV (3.0 s⁻¹)	V (5.0 s⁻¹)
<i>P r e - S h e a r R a t e</i>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0
	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0

- Minimum Science Test Matrix is shaded areas
- Pre-Shear Rotation Rate, $\Omega = (\text{Pre-Shear Rate})(L_o/R_o)(60/2\pi)$, $L_o=5\text{mm}$, $R_o=5\text{mm}$
- Stretch Velocity, $V(t) = (L_o)(\text{Stretch Rate})e^{(\text{Stretch Rate})t}$
- Final Stretch Velocity, $V_f = (40)(L_o)(\text{Stretch Rate})$

Post-Flight Data Deliverables for SHERE

The following deliverables will be supplied by NASA to the GI for post flight analysis:

- Time synchronized Labview data of axial force as a function of experiment time
- Time-synchronized axial displacement of the translation stage
- Time synchronized Labview data of fluid filament midpoint diameter as a function of experiment time
- Time-synchronized fluid temperature, T , as a function of experiment time
- Time-synchronized digital or hi-resolution analog video images of fluid filament profile evolution as a function of experiment time
- Any other engineering parameters recorded or videotaped during the experiment will be desired